

Aims The national curriculum for languages aims to ensure that all pupils:

- Understand and respond to spoken and written language from a variety of authentic sources.
- Speak with increasing confidence, fluency, and spontaneity, finding ways of communicating what they want to say, including through discussion and asking questions, and continually improving the accuracy of their pronunciation and intonation.
- A Can write at varying length, for different purposes and audiences, using the variety of grammatical structures that they have learnt.
- Discover and develop an appreciation of a range of writing in the language studied.

Attainment targets

By the end of each key stage, pupils are expected to know, apply, and understand the matters, skills and processes specified in the relevant programme of study.

Key stage 2:

Foreign language Teaching may be of any modern or ancient foreign language and should focus on enabling pupils to make substantial progress in one language. The teaching should provide an appropriate balance of spoken and written language and should lay the foundations for further foreign language teaching at key stage 3. It should enable pupils to understand and communicate ideas, facts and feelings in speech and writing, focused on familiar and routine matters, using their knowledge of phonology, grammatical structures, and vocabulary. The focus of study in modern languages will be on practical communication.

Pupils should be taught to:

- + listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding
- * explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words
- + engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help*



- & speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases, and basic language structures
- A develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases*
- present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences*
- & read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases, and simple writing
- A appreciate stories, songs, poems, and rhymes in the language

* broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary

- * write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly
- & describe people, places, things, and actions orally* and in writing.

• understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine, and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.

The starred (*) content above will not be applicable to ancient languages.



Cycle A - French



Pott Shrigley Church School Languages Long Term Plan

Curriculum objectives Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding. Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help*	 To have a simple conversation about clothes. Curriculum objectives Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases, and basic language structures. Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases* 	depends on number and gender. • To use a range of grammar structures to practise a set of vocabulary groups. Curriculum objectives Present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences* Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases, and simple writing	Curriculum objectives Appreciate stories, songs, poems, and rhymes in the language. Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary.	Curriculum objectives Write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly. Describe people, places, things, and actions orally* and in writing.	be' for past and future tense. Curriculum objectives Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine, and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.
--	---	---	---	---	--



Cycle B - French

Y3/4/5/6						
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
All Around Town	On the Move	Going Shopping	Where in the World?	What's the Time?	Holidays and Hobbies	
Key learning objectives	Key learning objectives	Key learning objectives	Key learning objectives	Key learning objectives	Key learning objectives	
• To listen carefully	• To tell other people	• To express an	• To speak in a	• To say and write a	• To use the third	
and pronounce	about types of	opinion in French	sentence to answer	sentence to tell the	person plural in	
unfamiliar words with	transport.	about fruit.	questions about the	time (o'clock and half	sentences in the	
increasing accuracy	• To use the verb 'to	• To change the French	places in the United	past).	context of seasons and	
regarding where	go' in a simple	word for 'the' to the	' Kingdom.	• To say and write at	months.	
people live.	sentence.	French word for	• To distinguish where	what time I do things.	 To speak sentences 	
• To listen carefully,	 To recognise and 	'some'.	in the world French is	• To answer and ask a	describing the weather	
repeating and	pronounce a familiar	 To use adjectives to 	spoken.	question about a TV	and present a forecast.	
responding to key	spelling pattern in	describe nouns when	 To use a bilingual 	schedule.	 To distinguish 	
words and phrases	different words when	describing the colour	dictionary to translate	 To say and write a 	masculine and	
when describing our	giving directions.	of clothes.	from English to French.	sentence to tell the	feminine nouns	
town.	 To use my knowledge 	 To answer questions 	 To understand that 	time (quarter to and	regarding the	
 To use familiar 	of actions and	about asking where	because a continent is	quarter past).	temperatures of	
sounds and spellings to	directions to give	you can buy certain	always feminine the	 To refer to the time 	countries around the	
help me recognise and	instructions.	items.	preposition 'en' is	when discussing a	world.	
learn new language	 To combine familiar 	 To ask and answer in 	always used for 'in'.	school timetable.	 To answer questions 	
when counting in tens.	language to create a	the role of shopper and	 To use the past tense 	 To take part in a 	about sports, orally	
 To apply my 	new set of sentences	shopkeeper.	in a sentence when	French maths lesson	and in writing.	
knowledge to help me	about travelling.	 To roleplay in French 	talking about animals	on counting and time.	 To speak a sentence 	
predict, say, and spell	 To give a sentence 	about buying clothing.	in a zoo.		about going on holiday.	
new language to count	subject-verb		 To use pronouns 		 To answer questions 	
to 100.	agreement when		when discussing where		about hobbies, orally	
 To select and present 	talking about travel.		animals originate from.		and in writing.	
information to other						



Pott Shrigley Church School Languages Long Term Plan

 people when giving my address. To use a bilingual dictionary to develop my vocabulary around a given topic. Curriculum objectives Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding. Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help* 	Curriculum objectives Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases, and basic language structures. Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases*	Curriculum objectives Present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences* Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases, and simple writing	Curriculum objectives Appreciate stories, songs, poems, and rhymes in the language. Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary.	Curriculum objectives Write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly. Describe people, places, things, and actions orally* and in writing.	Curriculum objectives Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine, and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.
---	---	--	---	---	---



Cycle C – Spanish

Y3/4/5/6						
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Meet and Greet	People Around Me	Our School	Tell Me When	Time to Eat	Meet My Family	
Key learning objectives	Key learning objectives	Key learning objectives	Key learning objectives	Key learning objectives	Key learning objectives	
 To greet people in different ways. To exchange names in Spanish. I can discuss how I am feeling. To choose appropriate phrases for the situation when saying goodbye. To recognise and repeat the numbers 0- 10 in Spanish. To apply number word knowledge to make sentences about my age. 	 To present a picture of family members using possessive determiners. To use the correct verb form of 'tener' when talking about pets. To use songs to help me remember the Spanish alphabet. To use a range of vocabulary to create different sentences when introducing people. To use the Spanish pronunciation of the alphabet to spell words. To use a range of vocabulary to have short conversations in Spanish about family and friends. 	 To ask and explain where things are in the classroom. To describe the contents of my pencil case. To express opinions about school subjects To listen to commands and follow instructions. To ask and answer questions about places in school. To construct simple sentences to say what I like to do at school. 	 To pronounce numbers 1-31 and understand how they are formed. To identify, say in order, and respond to the days of the week. To listen to, read, and respond to the vocabulary about months. To express/ask for dates in Spanish. To begin to conjugate the verb 'to be' for past and future tense. To ask/answer questions about birthdays. 	 To recognise and repeat key vocabulary about food. To use determiners for identifying quantities in making polite requests. To give a preference for or against things. To describe the colour(s)of an object by modifying adjectives. To use adjectives accurately to describe food items. To have short conversations about food. 	 To describe someone else's family using the correct possessive determiner. To join in a Spanish version of a familiar song about pets. To describe my favourite animal using adjectives with the correct spelling. To describe different types of homes using adjectives with the correct spelling. To use a bilingual dictionary to increase my vocabulary about my home life. To present information about myself in Spanish using conjunctions. 	



Pott Shrigley Church School Languages Long Term Plan

Curriculum objectives	Curriculum objectives	Curriculum objectives	Curriculum objectives	Curriculum objectives	Curriculum objectives
Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding. Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help*	Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases, and basic language structures. Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases*	Present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences* Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases, and simple writing	Appreciate stories, songs, poems, and rhymes in the language. Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary.	Write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly. Describe people, places, things, and actions orally* and in writing.	Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine, and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.